

**RESERVE BANK OF INDIA
(EXCHANGE CONTROL DEPARTMENT)
CENTRAL OFFICE
MUMBAI 400 001**

Notification No.FEMA 9 /2000-RB dated 3rd May 2000

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 8, sub-section (6) of Section 10, clause (c) of sub-section (2) of Section 47 of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999), the Reserve Bank makes the following regulations relating to the manner of, and the period for, realisation of foreign exchange, repatriation of realised foreign exchange to India and its surrender, namely –

1. Short title and commencement :-

- i) These regulations may be called the Foreign Exchange Management (Realisation, Repatriation and Surrender of Foreign Exchange) Regulations, 2000.
- ii) They shall come into force on 1st day of June, 2000.

2. Definitions :-

In these Regulations, unless the context requires otherwise, –

- i) 'Act' means Foreign Exchange Management Act , 1999 (42 of 1999) ;
- ii) 'Authorised dealer' means a person authorised as an authorised dealer under sub-section (1) of Section 10 of the Act ;
- iii) 'foreign exchange due' means the amount which a person has a right to receive or claim in foreign exchange ;
- iv) 'surrender' means the selling of foreign exchange to an authorised person in India in exchange of rupees ;
- v) the words and expressions used but not defined in these regulations shall have the same meanings respectively assigned to them in the Act.

3. Duty of persons to realise foreign exchange due :-

A person resident in India to whom any amount of foreign exchange is due or has accrued shall, save as otherwise provided under the provisions of the Act, or the rules and regulations made thereunder, or with the general or special permission of the Reserve Bank, take all

reasonable steps to realise and repatriate to India such foreign exchange, and shall in no case do or refrain from doing anything, or take or refrain from taking any action, which has the effect of securing –

- (a) that the receipt by him of the whole or part of that foreign exchange is delayed; or
- (b) that the foreign exchange ceases in whole or in part to be receivable by him.

4. Manner of Repatriation :-

(1) On realisation of foreign exchange due, a person shall repatriate the same to India, namely bring into, or receive in, India and –

- (a) sell it to an authorised person in India in exchange for rupees; or
- (b) retain or hold it in account with an authorised dealer in India to the extent specified by the Reserve Bank; or
- (c) use it for discharge of a debt or liability denominated in foreign exchange to the extent and in the manner specified by the Reserve Bank.

(2) A person shall be deemed to have repatriated the realised foreign exchange to India when he receives in India payment in rupees from the account of a bank or an exchange house situated in any country outside India, maintained with an authorised dealer.

5. Period for surrender of realised foreign exchange :-

A person shall sell the realised foreign exchange to an authorised person under clause (a) of sub-regulation (1) of regulation 4, within the period specified below :-

- i) foreign exchange due or accrued as remuneration for services rendered, whether in or outside India, or in settlement of any lawful obligation, or an income on assets held outside India, or as inheritance, settlement or gift, within seven days from the date of its receipt ;
- ii) in all other cases within a period of ninety days from the date of its receipt.

6. Period for surrender in certain cases :-

(1) Any person who has acquired or purchased foreign exchange for any purpose mentioned in the declaration made by him to an authorised person under sub-section (5) of Section 10 of the Act does not use it for such purpose or for any other purpose for which purchase or acquisition of foreign exchange is permissible under the provisions of the Act or the rules or regulations or

direction or order made thereunder, shall surrender such foreign exchange or the unused portion thereof to an authorised person within a period of sixty days from the date of its acquisition or purchase by him.

(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-regulation (1), where the foreign exchange acquired or purchased by any person from an authorised person is for the purpose of foreign travel, then, the unspent balance of such foreign exchange shall, save as otherwise provided in the regulations made under the Act, be surrendered to an authorised person –

- (i) within ninety days from the date of return of the traveller to India, when the unspent foreign exchange is in the form of currency notes and coins; and
- (ii) within one hundred eighty days from the date of return of the traveller to India, when the unspent foreign exchange is in the form of travellers cheques.

7. Exemption :-

Nothing in these regulations shall apply to foreign exchange in the form of currency of Nepal or Bhutan.

(P.R. GOPALA RAO)
Executive Director